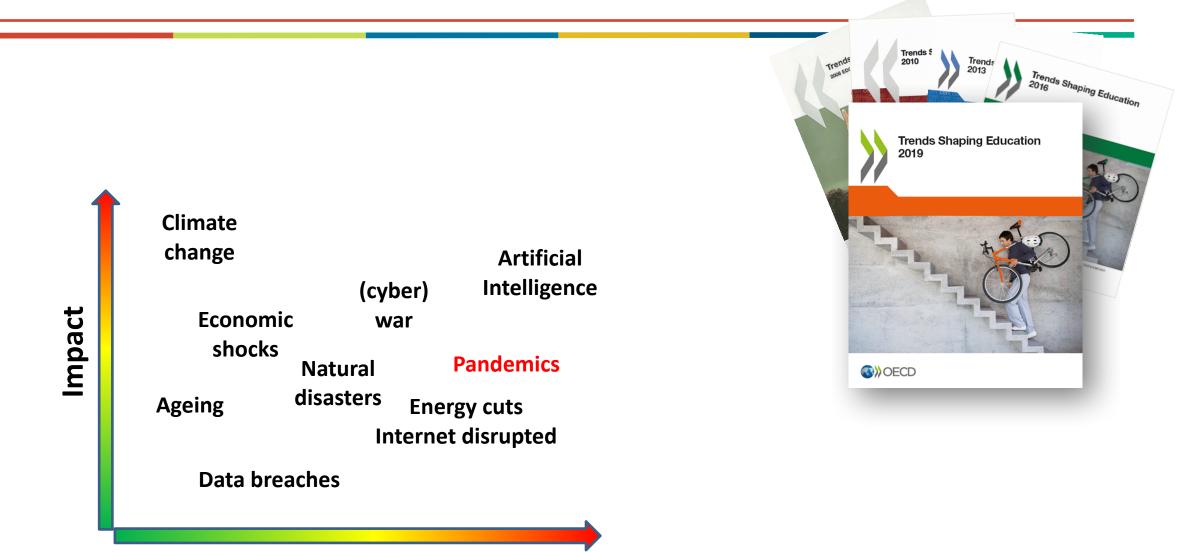
The future of education and skills Learning for sustainable development DiSAI

Andreas Schleicher

- 1.5bn students were locked out from school
- Remote learning has become the lifeline for learning but doesn't address the social functions of schools
- Access, use and quality of online resources amplify inequality
- Accreditation at stake
- Huge needs for just-in-time professional development
- Re-prioritisation of curricula to embrace wider range of cognitive, social and emotional skills
- But lots of highly innovative learning environments emerging !

The future will continue to surprise us!

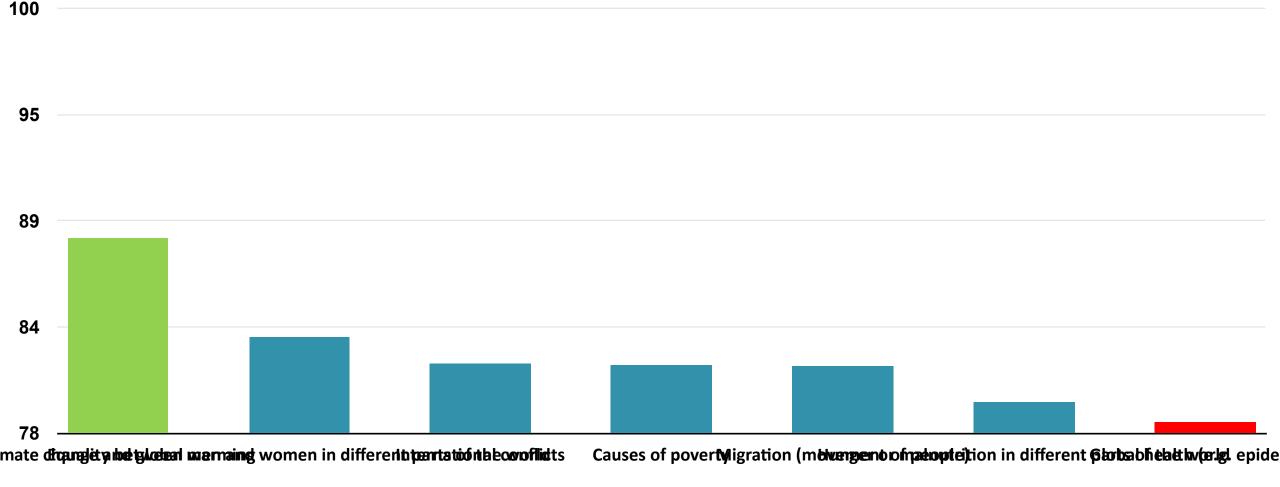


Uncertainty

Sustainability issues covered in the curriculum (PISA, OECD average)

Fig VI.7.8

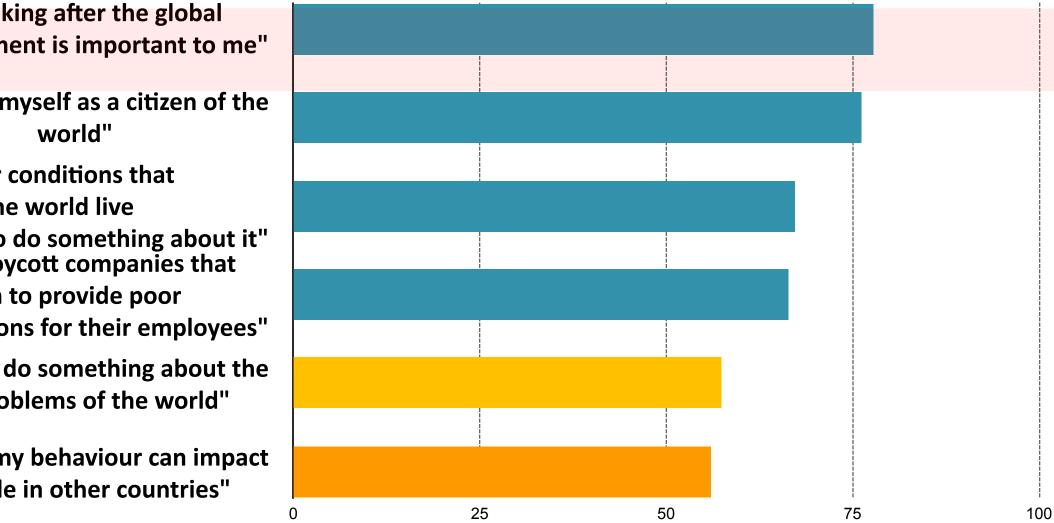
Principals who reported that there is a formal curriculum for the following topics:



Based on principals' reports

Students' agency regarding global issues (PISA, OECD average)

Fig VI.5.1a



Percentage of students who agreed or strongly agreed with the following statements:

"Looking after the global environment is important to me"

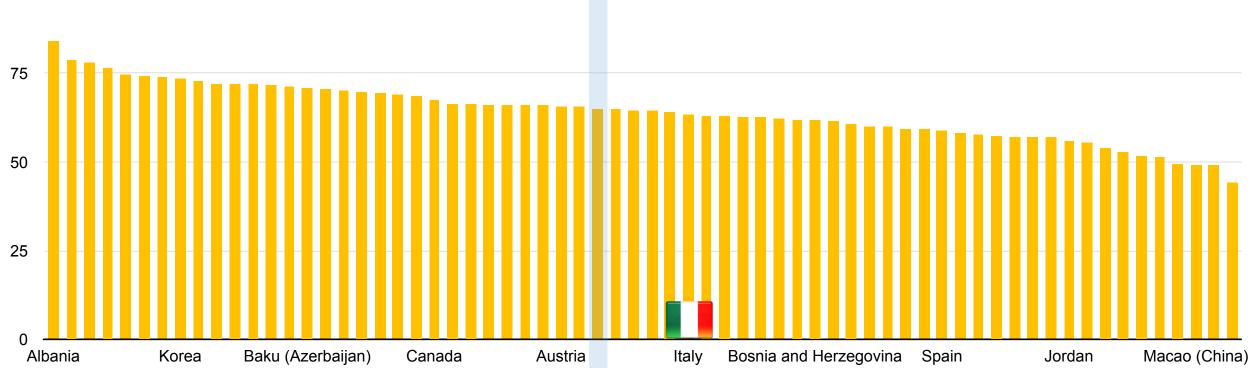
"I think of myself as a citizen of the

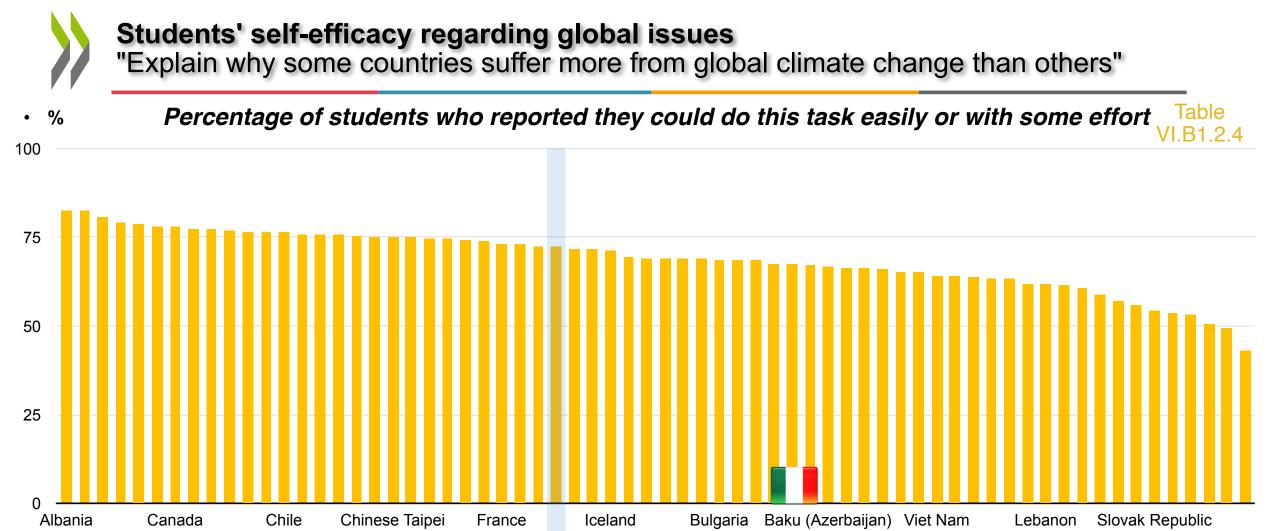
/hen I see the poor conditions that some people in the world live I a responsibility to do something about it" "It is right to boycott companies that are known to provide poor workplace conditions for their employees"

> "I can do something about the problems of the world"

"I think my behaviour can impact people in other countries"

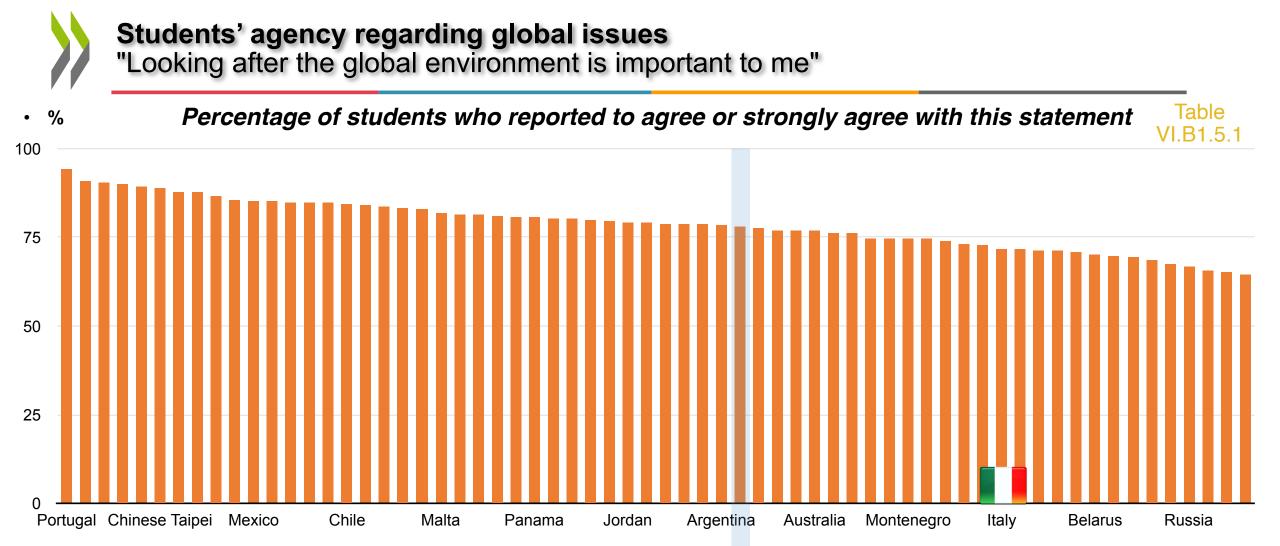
Students' self-efficacy regarding global issues "Discuss the consequences of economic development on the environment" *Percentage of students who reported they could do this task easily or with some effort* Table VI.B1.2.4

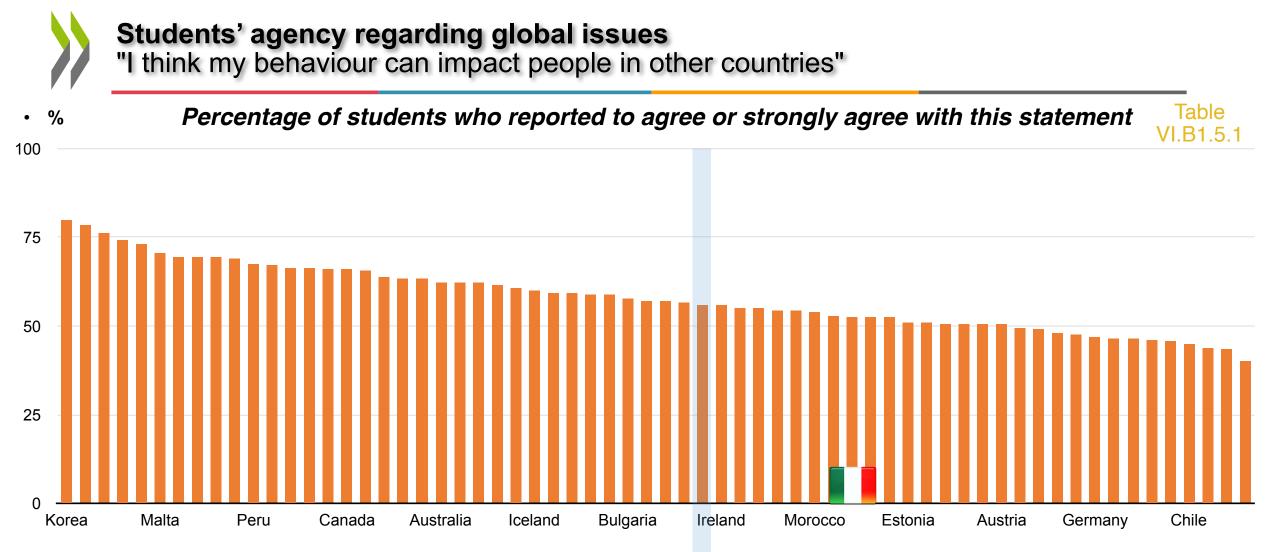




Students' self-efficacy regarding global issues "Explain how carbon-dioxide emissions affect global climate change" **Table** Percentage of students who reported they could do this task easily or with some effort % ٠ VI.B1.2.4 100 75 50 25 0

Singapore United Arab Emirates Thailand Brunei Darussalam Latvia Scotland (United Kingdom) Spain Austria Argentina Romania









Sustainability: Keeping the world in balance



OECD average

"I can change my behaviour to meet the needs of new situations"

"I can deal with unusual situations"

"When encountering difficult situations with other people, I can think of a way to resolve the situation"

> "I am capable of overcoming my difficulties in interacting with people from other cultures"

"I can adapt to different situations even when under stress or pressure"

"I can adapt easily to a new culture"

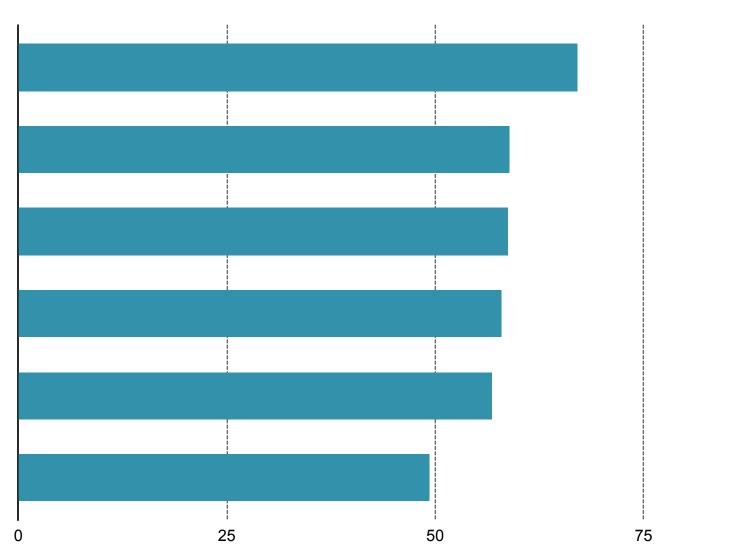


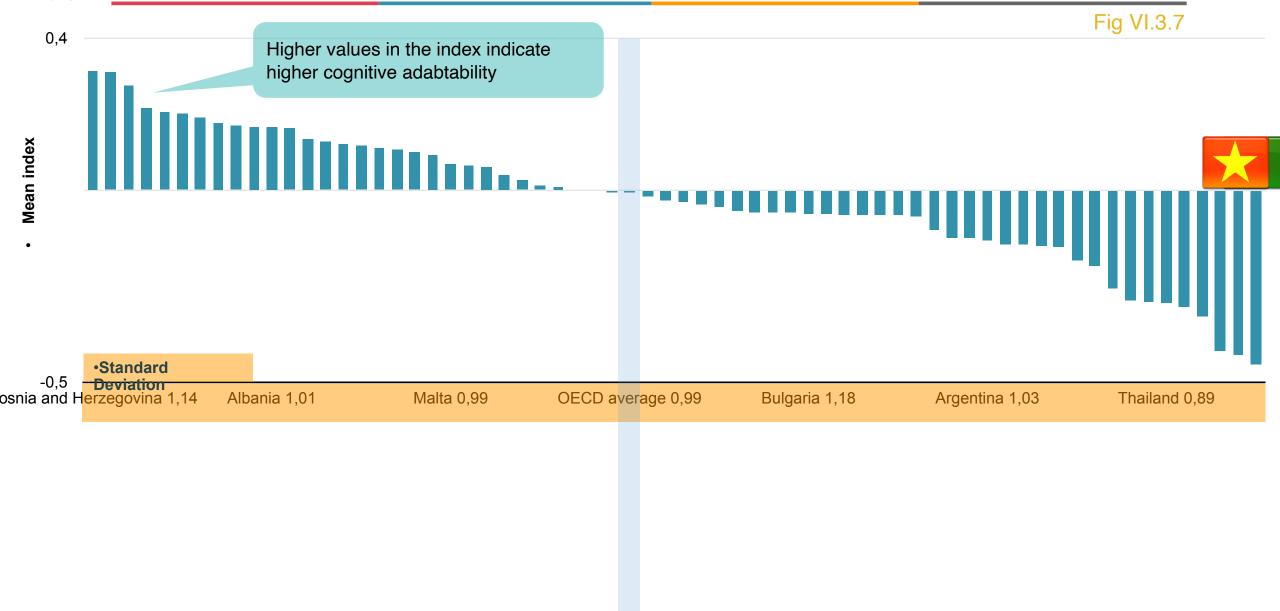
Fig VI.3.7a

100

Percentage of students who reported the following statements describe them well or very well:



Students' cognitive resilience



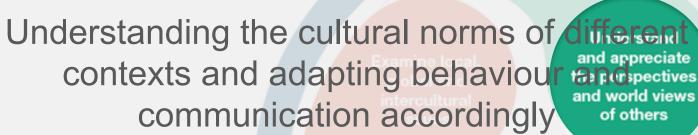


sabur



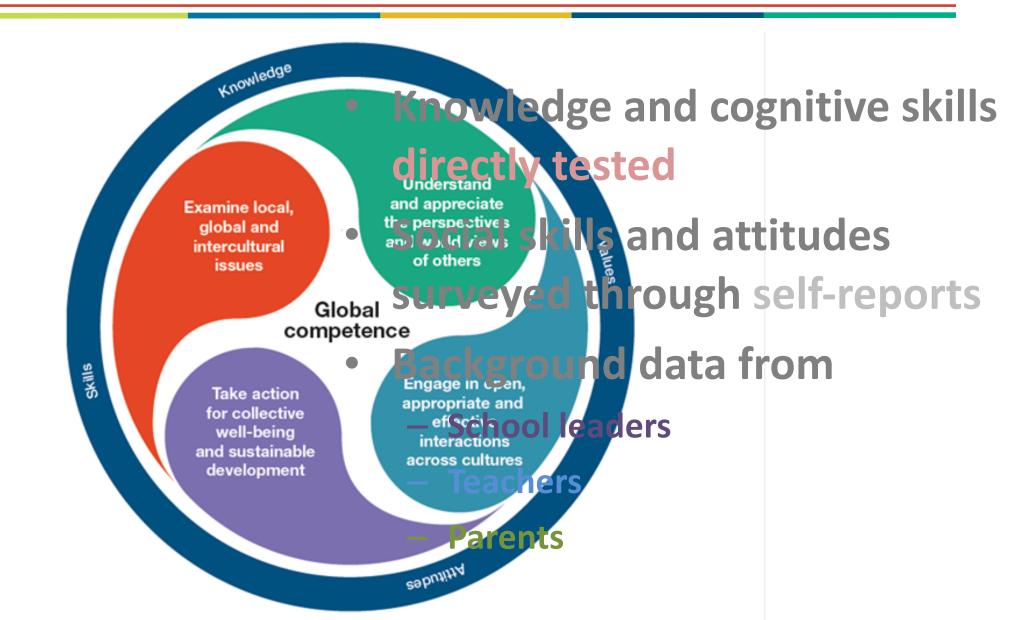
Recognising that perspectives and behaviours – including one's own – are inherently shaped by various influences and concepts of reality

Engage in open, appropriate and effective interactions across cultures



and world views



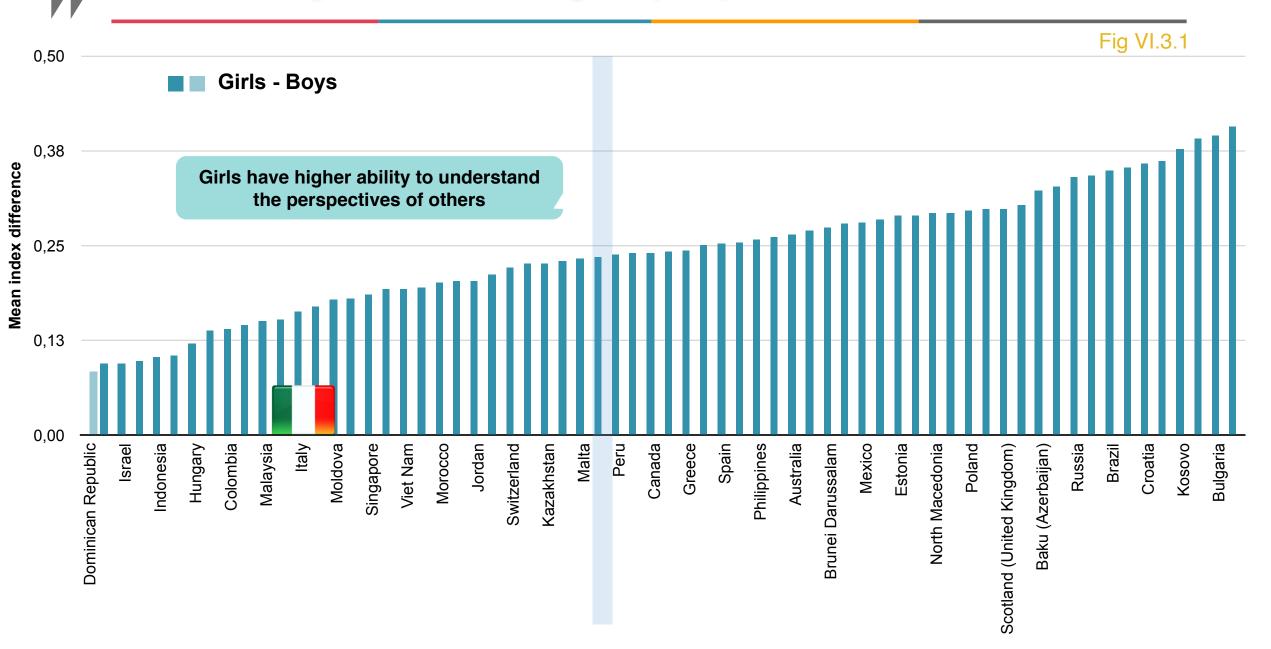


Understanding and appreciating the perspectives and worldviews of others

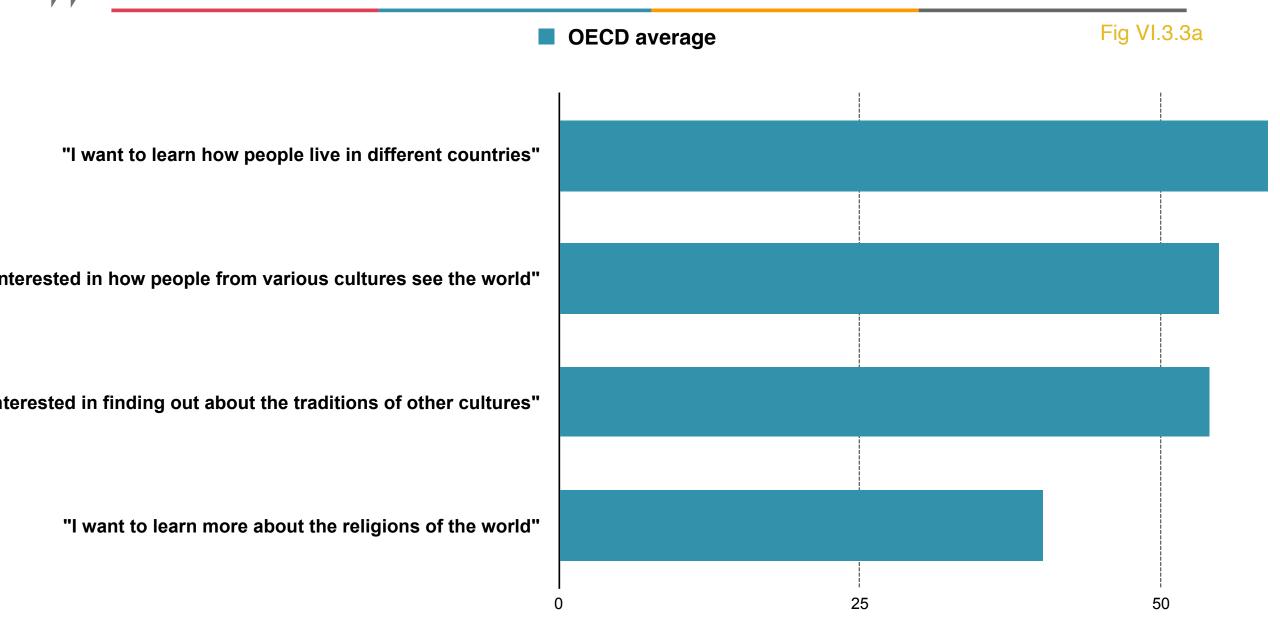
Students' understanding of the perspectives of others

	OECD average		Fig VI.3.1a
mes try to understand my friends better by imagining how things look from their perspective"			
ve that there are two sides to every question and try to loo at them both"			
look at everybody's side of a disagreement before I make decision"			
"Before criticising somebody, I try to imagine how I would feel if I were in their place"			
eone, I try to take the perspective of that person for a while			
	0	25	50

Girls' and boys' understanding the perspectives of others

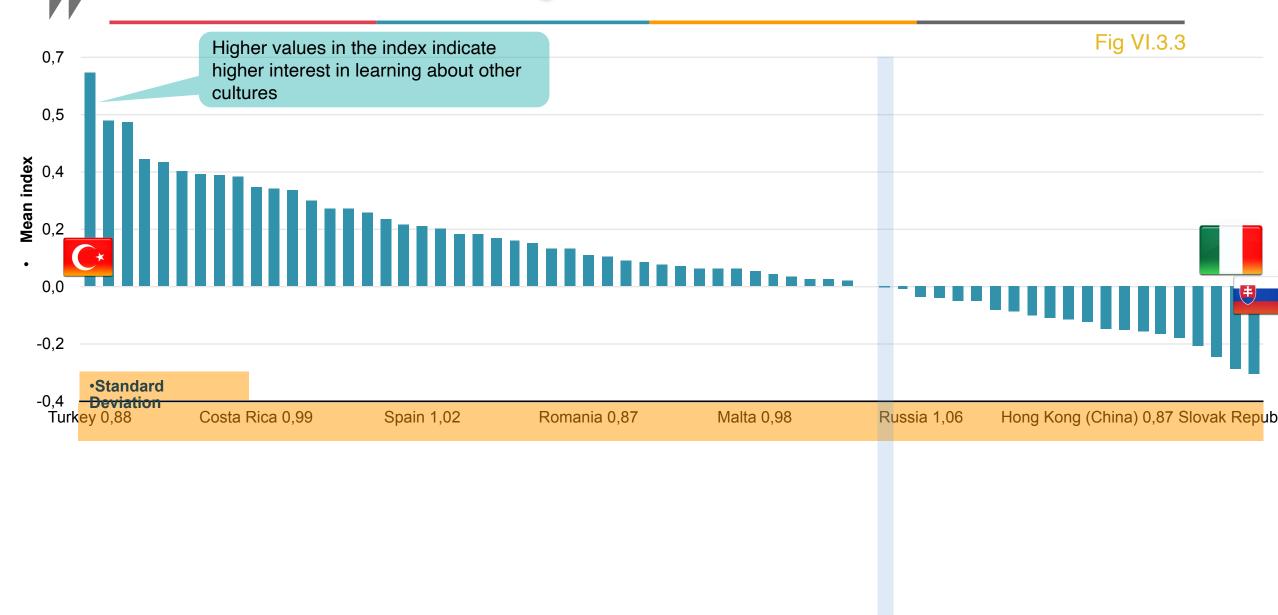


Students' interest in learning about other cultures

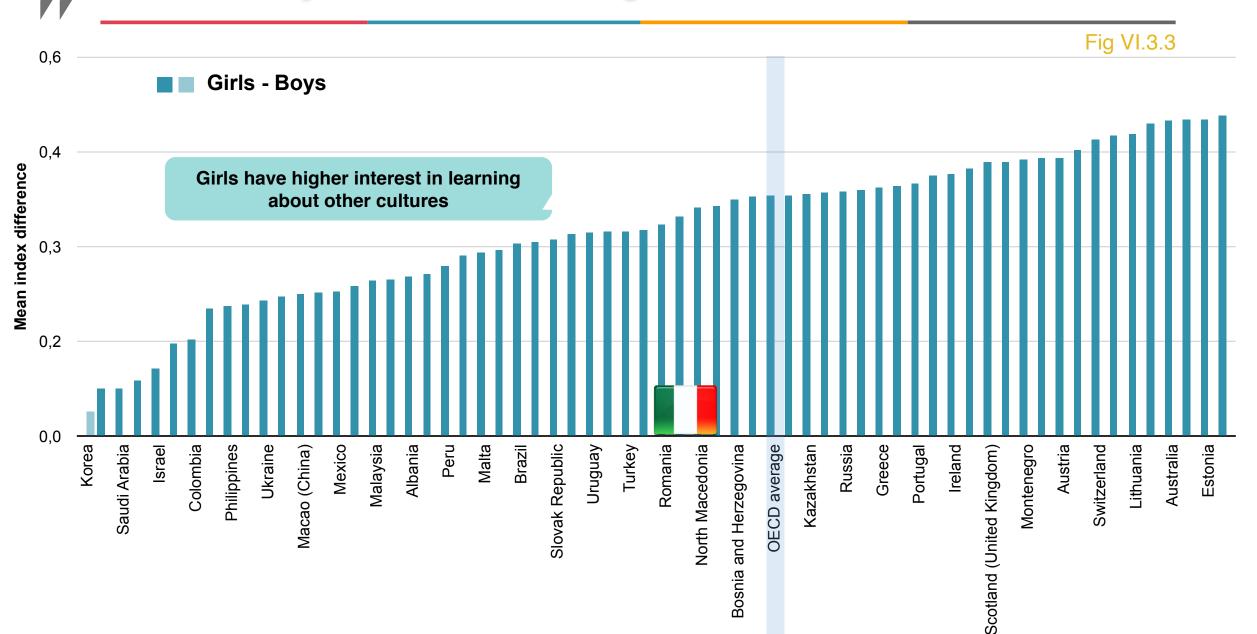


Percentage of students who reported the following statements

Students' interest in learning about other cultures



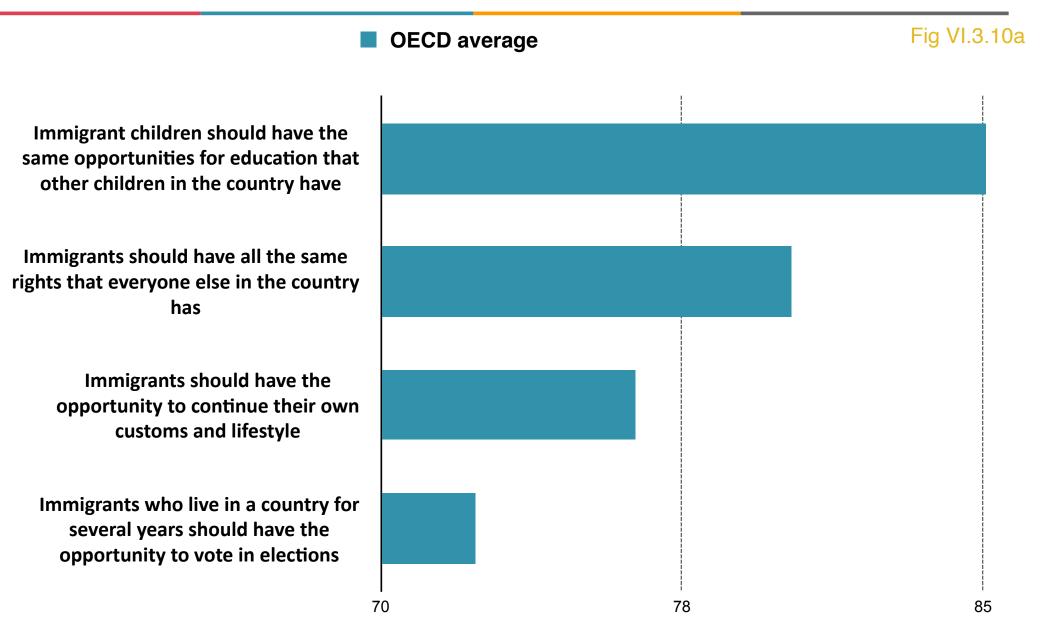
Girls' and boys' interest in learning about other cultures



Students' and parents' interest in learning about other cultures

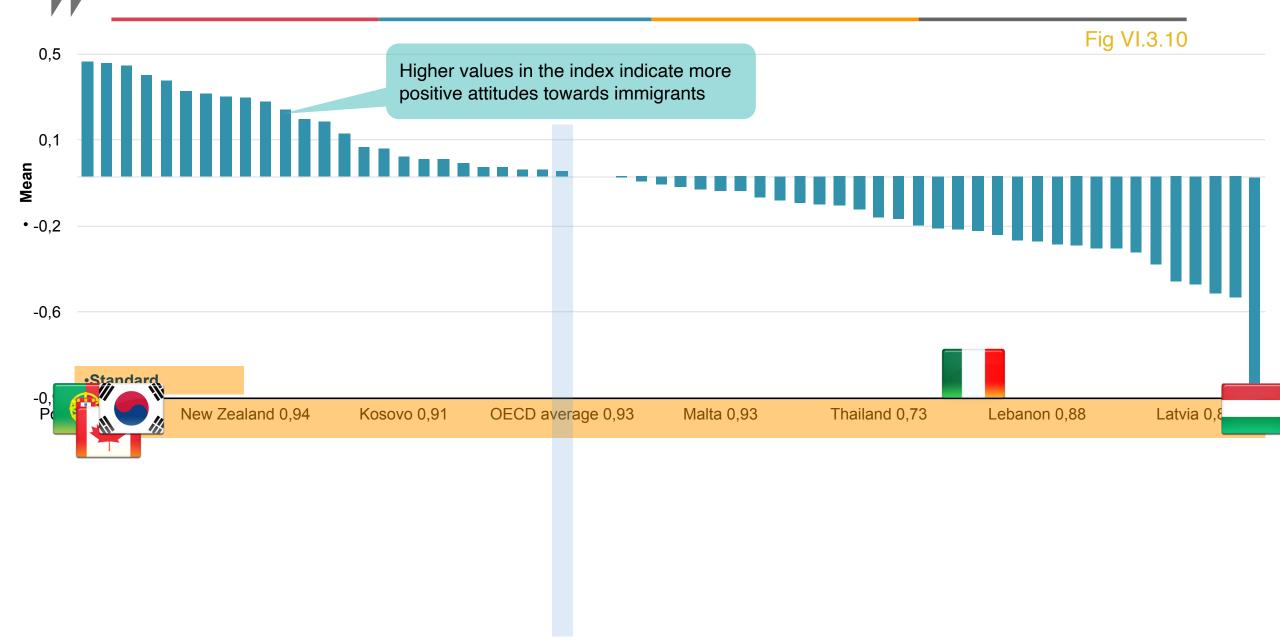
Change in students' interest in learning about other cultures associated with a one-unit increase in the index of parents' interest in learning about other cultures 0,22 Before accounting for students' and schools' socio-demographic profile After accounting for students' and schools' socio-demographic profile 0,17 Index change 0,11 0,06 0,00 (0.07) (0.18) (0.01) (-0.15)(0.02) (-0.07) (0.33) (0.05)(-0.03) (-0.32) (00.0) (-0.22) (0.1) (0.05)(0.25) Panama Ireland Portugal Croatia Korea Chile Malta Dominican Republic Germany Brazil average Mexico Italy Hong Kong (China) Macao (China) Overall a Mean index of parents' interest in learning about other cultures

Students' attitudes towards immigrants



Percentage of students who reported they agree or strongly agree with the

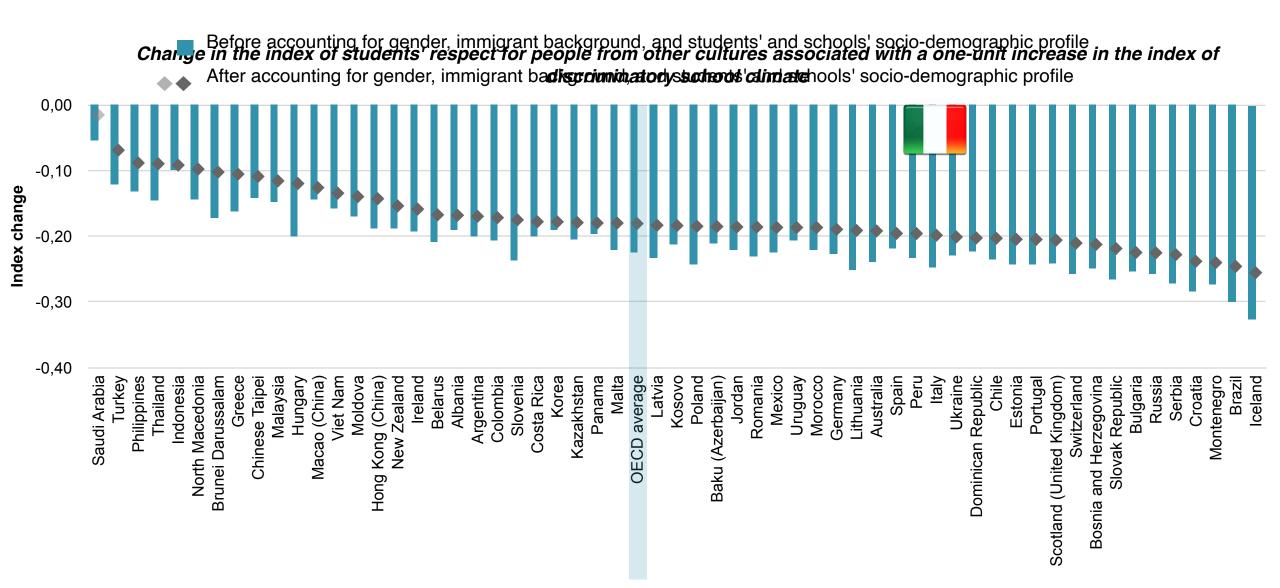
Students' attitudes towards immigrants



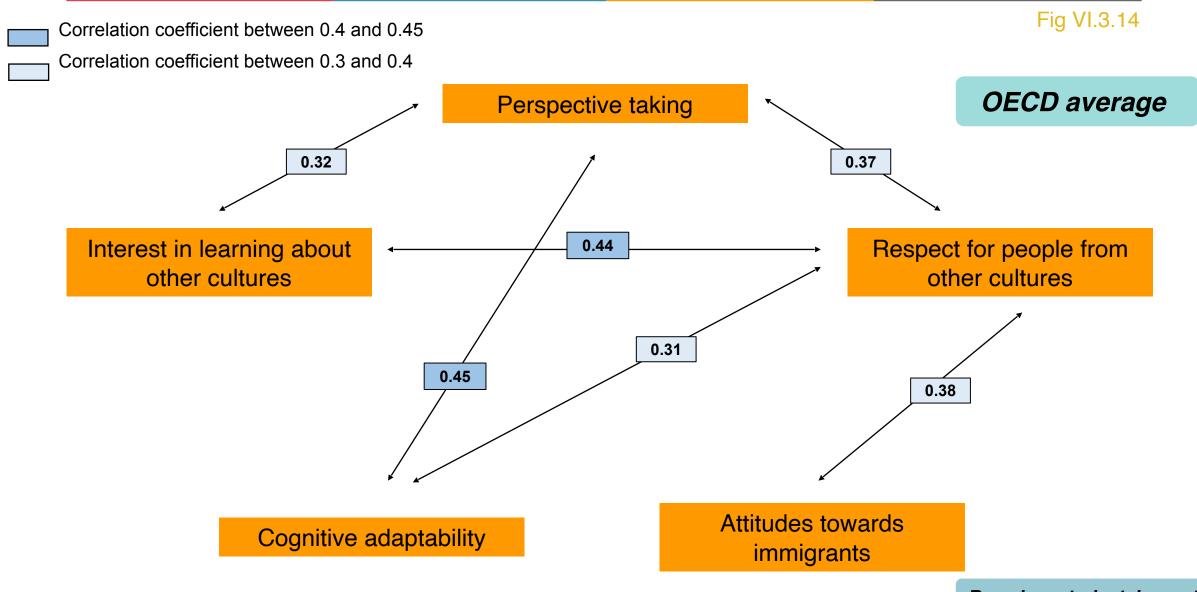


Perception of discrimination at school relates negatively to students' respect for people from other cultures

Fig VI.8.10



Connections between students' intercultural attitudes and dispositions



Based on students' reports

Taking action

DNATION

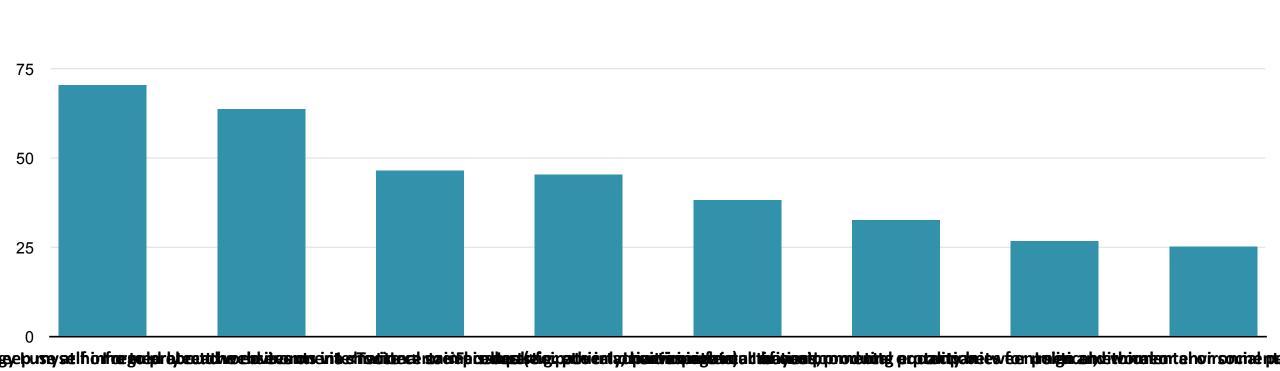
DONATION



100



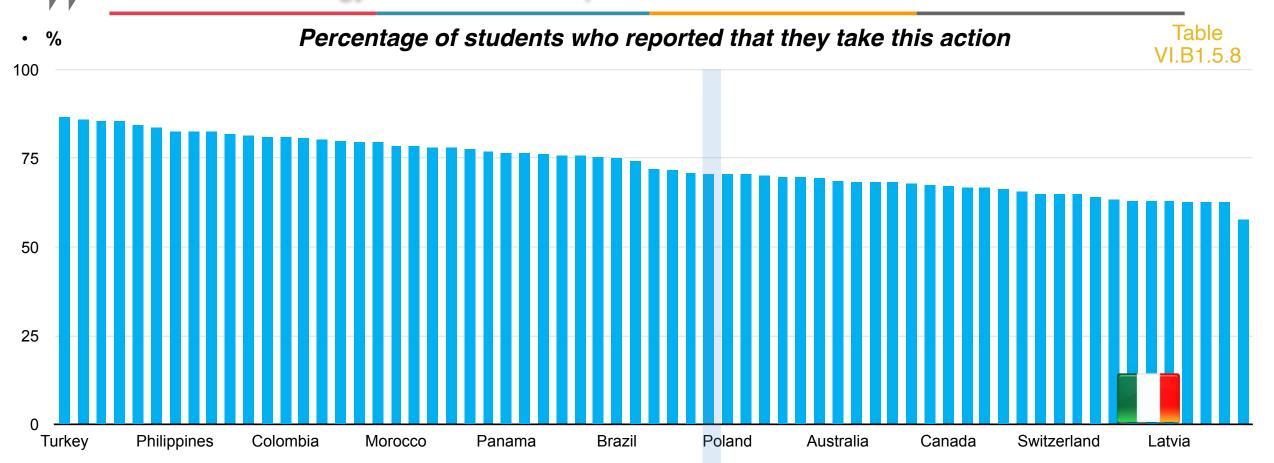
Fig VI.5.4



even if they are a bit more expensive

Students taking action

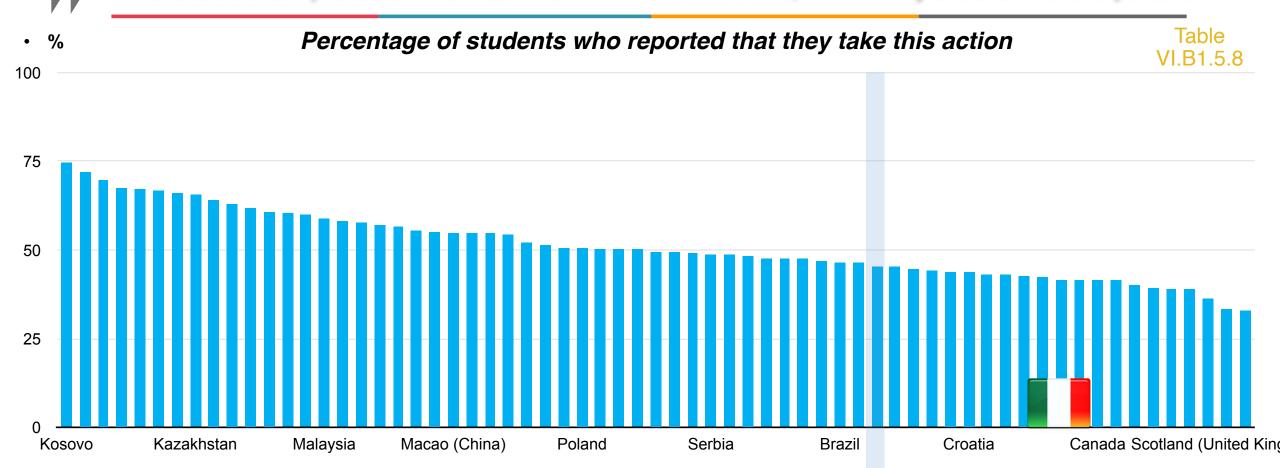
"I reduce the energy I use at home to protect the environment"



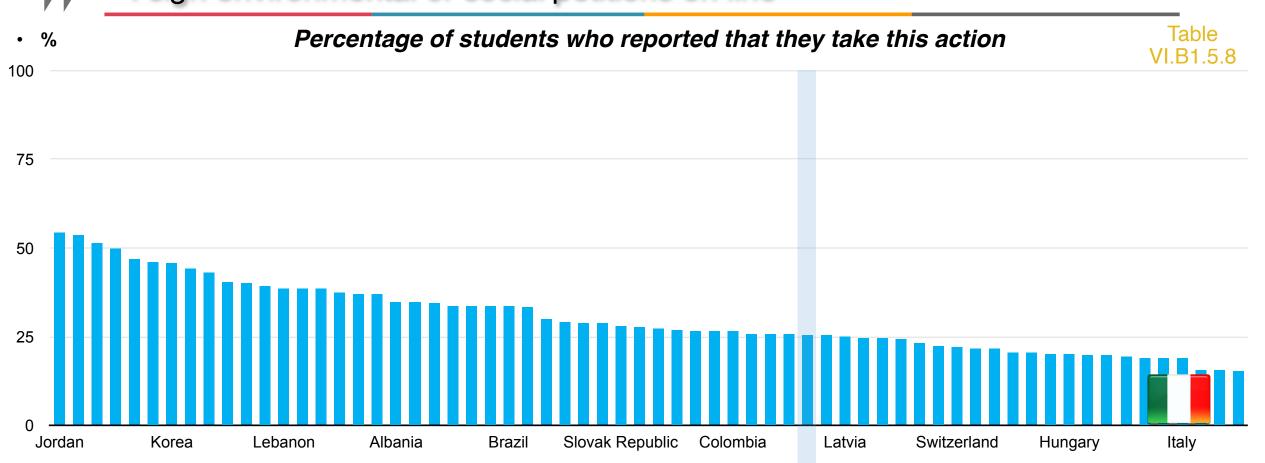
S "I

Students taking action

"I choose certain products for ethical or environmental reasons, even if they are a bit more expensive"

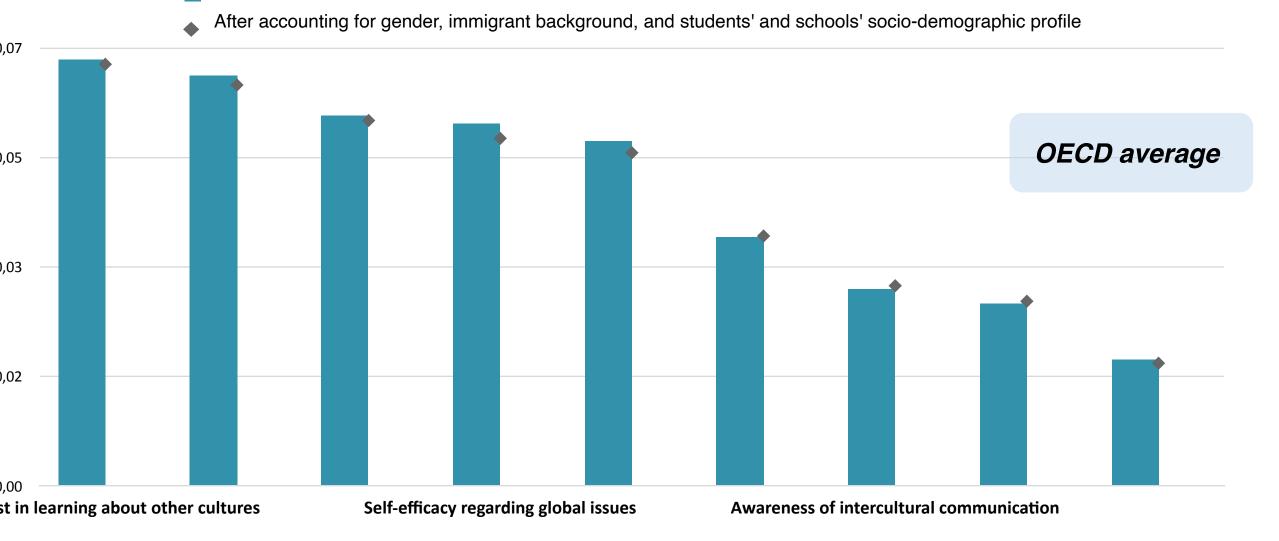


Students taking action "I sign environmental or social petitions on line"



The number of learning activities relates positively to students' attitudes

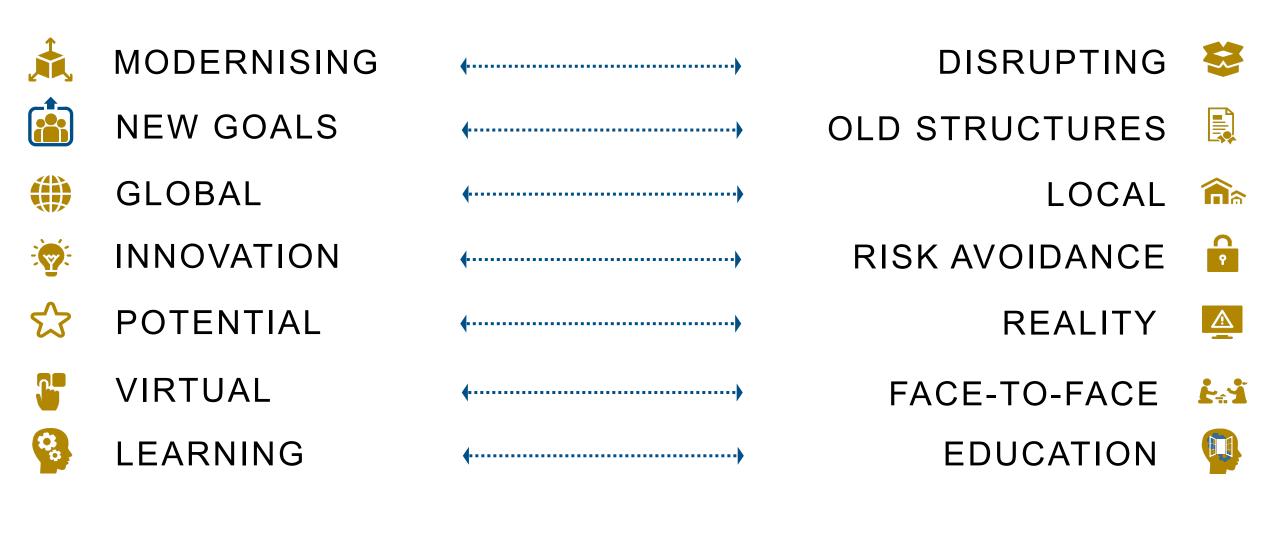
Fig VI.7.3 Before accounting for gender, immigrant background, and students' and schools' socio-demographic profile



	Design principles within a discipline	1. Focus 2. Rigor 3. Coherence
	Design principles across disciplines	4. Transferability 5. Interdisciplinary 6. Choice
	Design principles beyond school	7. Authenticity 8. Flexibility 9. Alignment
	Design principles for processes	10. Engagement 11. Student agency 12. Teacher agency

Assessing risks, leveraging opportunities

Tensions and paradoxes require smart responses



Thank you

Find out more about our work at www.oecd.org/pisa

- PISA 2018: Insights and Implications
- PISA 2018 Results (Volume I): What Students Know and Can Do
- PISA 2018 Results (Volume II): Where All Students Can Succeed
- PISA 2018 Results (Volume III): What School Life Means for Students' Lives

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Email: Andreas.Schleicher@OECD.org